## What is claimed is:

 A precipitated silica, characterized by the following physical and chemical properties:

5 CTAB surface area  $100-200 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ BET/CTAB ratio 0.8-1.05

DBP value 210-280 g/(100 g) Sears value  $V_2$  10-30 ml/(5 g)

Moisture level 4-8%.

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- 2. The precipitated silica as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the CTAB surface area is from 100 to 160  $\rm m^2/\rm g$  .
- 15 3. The precipitated silica as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the BET/CTAB ratio is from 0.9 to 1.03.
- 25 5. The precipitated silica as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the DBP value is from 250 to 280 g/(100 g).
- 30 6. The precipitate silica as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the BET surface area is  $80-110~\text{m}^2/\text{g}$ .
- 35 7. The precipitate silica as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the BET surface area is  $110-150 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ .

 The precipitated silica as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7,

characterized in that

the ratio of Sears value  $V_2$  to the BET surface area is from 0.140 to 0.370 ml/(5 m $^2$ ).

- A process for preparing precipitated silicas, characterized in that,
- in succession,
  - a) an aqueous solution of an alkali metal silicate or alkaline earth metal silicate and/or of an organic and/or inorganic base with pH from 7 to 14 is taken as initial charge,
- b) water glass and an acidifier are metered simultaneously into this initial charge at from 55 to 95°C, with stirring, for from 10 to 120 minutes,
  - g) stirring of the resultant suspension is continued at from 80 to 98°C, for from 1 to 120 minutes,
  - h) an acidifier is used to acidify to pH of from 2.5 to 5, and
  - i) the material is filtered and dried.

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- 10. The process as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that after step b) the additional steps of
  - c) stopping the feed for from 30 to 90 minutes while maintaining the temperature, and
    - d) then, where appropriate, simultaneously feeding water glass and an acidifier at the same temperature, with stirring, for from 20 to 120 minutes, preferably from 20 to 80 minutes are carried out once or twice.
- 11. The process as claimed in claims 9 and 10,

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characterized in that, following b) or d), in step e) the pH is adjusted to from 3 to 11 by adding an acidifier.

- 5 12. The process as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that, following step b) or d), in step c) the pH is adjusted to from 7 to 10 by adding acid.
- 10 13. The process as claimed in claim 11 or 12, characterized in that in an additional step f) the pH is increased to from 8 to 14 by adding a basic compound.
- 15 14. The process as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that the base used comprises an alkali metal silicate and/or alkaline earth metal silicate and/or an alkali metal hydroxide and/or an alkaline earth metal hydroxide.
  - 15. The process as claimed in any of claims 9 to 14, characterized in that during one of steps a) to h) an organic or inorganic salt is added.
- 16. The process as claimed in any of claims 9 to 15, characterized in that for the drying process use is made of a pneumatic drier, spray drier, disk drier, belt drier, rotating-tube drier, flash drier, spin flash drier, or spray tower.
- 17. The process as claimed in any of claims 9 to 16,
  characterized in that
  after the drying process, a roller compactor is
  used for pelletizing.

18. The precipitated silica claimed in any of claims 1 to 8, or prepared as claimed in any of claims 9 to 17,

characterized in that

the surface of the silica has been modified with organosilanes of the formulae I to III

 $Si[R^{1}_{n}(RO)_{r}(Alk)_{m}(Ar)_{p}]_{q}[B]$  (I),

 $SiR^{1}_{n}(RO)_{3-n}(Alkyl)$  (II),

or

10  $\operatorname{SiR}^{1}_{n}(RO)_{3-n}(Alkenyl)$  (III),

where

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B is -SCN, -SH, -Cl,  $-NH_2$ ,  $-OC(O)CHCH_2$ ,  $-OC(O)C(CH_3)CH_2$  (if q = 1), or  $-S_w$ — (if q = 1)

= 2), B being chemically bonded to Alk,

are an aliphatic, olefinic, aromatic, or R and R<sup>1</sup> arylaromatic radical having 2-30 carbon atoms, optionally with substitution by the following groups: the hydroxyl, amino, alcoholate, cyanide, thiocyanide, halo, sulfonic acid, sulfonic thiol, benzoic acid, benzoic ester, acid, carboxylic carboxylic acrylate, methacrylate, or organosilane radical, where the meaning  $R^1$ R and may substitution of identical or different,

n is 0, 1, or 2,

Alk is a bivalent unbranched or branched hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

m is 0 or 1,

Αr

is an aryl radical having from 6 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 6 carbon atoms, which may have substitution by the following groups: the hydroxyl, amino, alcoholate, cyanide, thiocyanide, halo, sulfonic acid, sulfonic ester, thiol,

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			benzoic acid, benzoic ester, carboxylic acid, carboxylic ester, acrylate, methacrylate or organosilane radical,
		p	is 0 or 1, with the proviso that p and n
5			are not simultaneously 0,
		đ	is 1 or 2,
		x	is a number from 2 to 8,
		r	is 1, 2, or 3, with the proviso that $r +$
			n + m + p = 4,
10		Alkyl	is a monovalent unbranched or branched
			saturated hydrocarbon radical having
			from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, preferably
			from 2 to 8 carbon atoms,
		Alkenyl	is a monovalent unbranched or branched
15			unsaturated hydrocarbon radical having
			from 2 to 20 carbon atoms, preferably
			from 2 to 8 carbon atoms.
	19.	The pred	ipitated silica as claimed in any of
20	20.		to 8 or as prepared in any of claims 9 to
20		17,	co o or ab proposed and r
			ized in that
		the surface of the silica has been modified with	
		_	icon compounds whose composition is
25			(where $n = 1, 2, 3, 4$ ),
		[SiR <sup>2</sup> ,X,O]	where $0 \le x \le 2$ ; $0 \le y \le 2$ ; $3 \le z \le 10$ ,

 $[SiR^2_xX_yO]_z$  (where  $0 \le x \le 2$ ;  $0 \le y \le 2$ ;  $3 \le z \le 10$ , where x + y = 2),  $[SiR^2_xX_yN]_z$  (where  $0 \le x \le 2$ ;  $0 \le y \le 2$ ;  $3 \le z \le 10$ , where x + y = 2),

 $SiR^{2}_{n}X_{m}OSiR^{2}_{o}X_{p}$  (where  $0 \le n \le 3$ ;  $0 \le m \le 3$ ;  $0 \le o$ 30  $\leq 3$ ;  $0 \leq p \leq 3$ , where n + m = 3, o + p = 3),  $SiR^{2}_{n}X_{m}NSiR^{2}_{o}X_{p}$  (where  $0 \le n \le 3$ ;  $0 \le m \le 3$ ;  $0 \le o$  $\leq 3$ ;  $0 \leq p \leq 3$ , where n + m = 3, o + p = 3), and/or

 $SiR^{2}_{n}X_{m}[SiR^{2}_{x}X_{y}O]_{z}SiR^{2}_{o}X_{p}$  (where  $0 \le n \le 3$ ;  $0 \le m \le 3$ ; 35  $0 \le x \le 2$ ;  $0 \le y \le 2$ ;  $0 \le o \le 3$ ;  $0 \le p \le 3$ ;  $1 \le z \le$ 10000, where n + m = 3, x + y = 2, o + p = 3) where

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 $R^2$  is alkyl and/or aryl radicals, substituted and/or unsubstituted, having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and/or is alkoxy, and/or alkenyl, and/or alkynyl groups, and/or is sulfur-containing groups,

X is a silanol, amino, thiol, halogen, alkoxy, alkenyl and/or hydrogen radical.

- 20. A process for preparing the silicas as claimed in claim 18 or 19, characterized in that
  - precipitated silicas are modified with organosilanes in mixtures of from 0.5 to 50 parts, based on 100 parts of precipitated silica, in particular from 1 to 15 parts, based on 100 parts of precipitated silica, where the reaction between precipitated silica and organosilane is carried out during the preparation of the mixture (in situ) or externally via spray application and subsequent heat-conditioning of the mixture, via mixing of the organosilane silica and the suspension with subsequent drying and heatconditioning.
- 25 21. The use of silicas as claimed in any of claims 1 to 20 in elastomer mixtures, in vulcanizable rubber mixtures, and/or in other volcanizates, such as pneumatic tires, tire treads, cable sheathing, hoses, drive belts, conveyor belts, V-belts, roller coverings, tires, shoe soles, gaskets, and damping elements.
- 22. The use of silicas as claimed in any of claims 1 to 20 in battery separators, as antiblocking agent, as matting agent in inks and paints, as carrier for agricultural products and for feeds, in coatings, in printing inks, in fire-extinguisher powders, in plastics, in the non-

impact printing sector, in paper pulp, or in the personal care sector.

23. A vulcanizable rubber mixture or a vulcanizate comprising, as filler, the precipitated silica as 5 claimed in claim 1, with the following physical and chemical properties:

CTAB surface area

BET/CTAB ratio

DBP value 10 Sears value V<sub>2</sub> Moisture level  $100-200 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ 0.8-1.05

210-280 g/(100 g)

10-30 ml/(5 g)

4-8%.